ISOLATION OF β-TRANS-BERGAMOTENE FROM ASPERGILLUS FUMIGATUS,

A FUMAGILLIN PRODUCING FUNGI

Shigeo Nozoe\*, Hisayoshi Kobayashi, and Naoko Morisaki
Institute of Applied Microbiology, University of Tokyo,

Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo, 113, Japan

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During the course of our investigations on the biosynthesis of physiologically active sesquiterpenoids of fungal origin, we isolated trichodiene and hirsutene which are the hydrocarbon precursors of trichothecin and coriolin antibiotics respectively. Present paper describe the isolation and identification of  $\beta$ -trans-bergamotene 1 from Aspergillus fumigatus, a fungus which produces an antibiotic fumagillin  $2^4$ . Biogenetical pathway of 2 involving bergamotene intermediate was suggested by Birch<sup>5</sup>, and this hypothesis has recently been supported by CMR studies on the biosynthesis of ovalicin, a substance closely related to fumagillin  $2^{6}$ , and this hypothesis has recently

Cultures of <u>Aspergillus fumigatus</u><sup>8</sup> were grown in a Sakaguchi flask containing a CSL-Dextrin medium for two days at 27°C. The mycelium was extracted with acetone and the crude extracts were saponified with methanolic  $K_2CO_3$ . The non-saponifeable fraction was then passed through silica gel column eluting with <u>n</u>-hexane to afford a hydrocarbon mixture which contain

squalene and saturated hydrocarbons along with minor amount of sesquiterpene hydrocarbon, the latter was then separated by preparative glc (1.5% OV-17 on Chromosorb-W, at  $100^{\circ}$ C). Gc-ms analysis of the sesquiterpene fraction revealed that the major component (r.t.13.9min; R<sub>f</sub>=0.58 : Silica gel/pentane) showed the molecular ion peak at m/e 204 (C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>24</sub>). The fragmentation pattern illustrated above was explainable by the structure 1. Hydrogenation of the major component with Pt catalyst in MeOH gave tetrahydro derivative (r.t. 9.0 min.), ms; m/e 208 (C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>28</sub>), indicating the hydrocarbon is bicyclic with two double bonds. That the hydrocarbon is  $\beta$ -trans-bergamotene  $^{10}$  was confirmed by direct comparison with authentic sample which has recently been isolated from Pseudorotium ovalis by Cane and King  $^{11}$ .

## REFERENCES AND NOTES

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